# Continental University (UC)



School of Computer Science Sillabus 2023-I

#### 1. COURSE

CS1D1. Discrete Structures I (Mandatory)

#### 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Course : CS1D1. Discrete Structures I

**2.2 Semester** :  $1^{er}$  Semestre.

**2.3** Credits : 4

**2.4 Horas** : 2 HT; 4 HP;

2.5 Duration of the period : 16 weeks
2.6 Type of course : Mandatory
2.7 Learning modality : Blended
2.8 Prerrequisites : None None

### 3. PROFESSORS

Meetings after coordination with the professor

#### 4. INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE

Discrete structures provide the theoretical foundations necessary for computation. These fundamentals are not only useful to develop computation from a theoretical point of view as it happens in the course of computational theory, but also is useful for the practice of computing; In particular in applications such as verification, cryptography, formal methods, etc.

#### 5. GOALS

- Apply Properly concepts of finite mathematics (sets, relations, functions) to represent data of real problems.
- Model real situations described in natural language, using propositional logic and predicate logic.
- Determine the abstract properties of binary relations.
- Choose the most appropriate demonstration method to determine the veracity of a proposal and construct correct mathematical arguments.
- Interpret mathematical solutions to a problem and determine their reliability, advantages and disadvantages.
- Express the operation of a simple electronic circuit using Boolean algebra.

#### 6. COMPETENCES

- 1) Analyze a complex computing problem and to apply principles of computing and other relevant disciplines to identify solutions. (Assessment)
- 6) Apply computer science theory and software development fundamentals to produce computing-based solutions. (Assessment)

### 7. TOPICS

Competences Expected:		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Sets</li> <li>Venn diagrams</li> <li>Union, intersection, complement</li> <li>Cartesian product</li> <li>Power sets</li> <li>Cardinality of finite sets</li> <li>Relations:</li> <li>Reflexivity, simmetry, transitivity</li> <li>Equivalence relations</li> <li>Partial order relations and sets</li> <li>Extremal elements of a partially ordered sets</li> <li>Functions</li> <li>Surjections, injections, bijections</li> <li>Inverses</li> <li>Composition</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain with examples the basic terminology of functions, relations, and sets [Assessment]</li> <li>Perform the operations associated with sets, functions, and relations [Assessment]</li> <li>Relate practical examples to the appropriate set function, or relation model, and interpret the associated operations and terminology in context [Assessment]</li> </ul>	

Unit 3: Proof Techniques (14)		
Competences Expected:		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Notions of implication, equivalence, converse, inverse, contrapositive, negation, and contradiction</li> <li>The structure of mathematical proofs</li> <li>Direct proofs</li> <li>Disproving by counterexample</li> <li>Proof by contradiction</li> <li>Induction over natural numbers</li> <li>Structural induction</li> <li>Weak and strong induction (i.e., First and Second Principle of Induction)</li> <li>Recursive mathematical definitions</li> <li>Well orderings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify the proof technique used in a given proof [Assessment]</li> <li>Outline the basic structure of each proof technique (direct proof, proof by contradiction, and induction) described in this unit [Usage]</li> <li>Apply each of the proof techniques (direct proof, proof by contradiction, and induction) correctly in the construction of a sound argument [Usage]</li> <li>Determine which type of proof is best for a given problem [Assessment]</li> <li>Explain the parallels between ideas of mathematical and/or structural induction to recursion and recursively defined structures [Familiarity]</li> <li>Explain the relationship between weak and strong induction and give examples of the appropriate use of each [Assessment]</li> <li>State the well-ordering principle and its relationship to mathematical induction [Familiarity]</li> </ul>	
<b>Readings</b> : [Rosen2007], [Vel06], [Sch12], [howToProve]		

Unit 4: Data Representation (10)		
Competences Expected:		
Topics	Learning Outcomes	
<ul> <li>Numerical representation: sign-magnitude, floating point.</li> <li>Representation of other objects: sets, relations, functions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain numerical representations such as sign-magnitude and floating point. [Assessment].</li> <li>Carry out arithmetic operations using different kinds of representations. [Assessment].</li> <li>Explain the floating point standard IEEE-754 [Familiarity].</li> </ul>	
Readings: [Rosen2007], [Gri03], [howToProve]		

### 8. WORKPLAN

### 8.1 Methodology

Individual and team participation is encouraged to present their ideas, motivating them with additional points in the different stages of the course evaluation.

# 8.2 Theory Sessions

The theory sessions are held in master classes with activities including active learning and roleplay to allow students to internalize the concepts.

### 8.3 Practical Sessions

The practical sessions are held in class where a series of exercises and/or practical concepts are developed through problem solving, problem solving, specific exercises and/or in application contexts.

# 9. EVALUATION SYSTEM

\*\*\*\*\* EVALUATION MISSING \*\*\*\*\*\*

# 10. BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

 $[Gri03] \quad \text{R. Grimaldi. } \textit{Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction. 5 ed. Pearson, 2003.}$ 

 $[{\it Sch12}] \quad {\it Edward R. Scheinerman}. \ {\it Mathematics: A\ Discrete\ Introduction}.\ 3\ {\it ed.\ 2012}.$